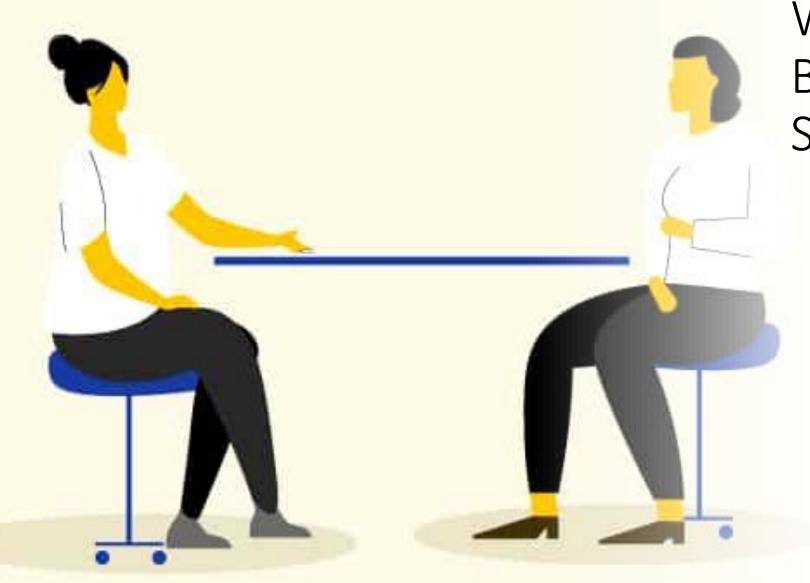


Using Machine Learning to Model the Business Outlook Survey text responses

The views expressed in this presentation are those of the speaker and do not necessarily reflect the official views of the Bank of Canada.



What is the Business Outlook Survey?

"

Through our surveys and conversations with business leaders, we regularly gain insights into business conditions before they show up in official statistics, which is crucial to our monetary policy deliberations."

- Tiff Macklem, Governor

Our Process

Preprocessing

- Remove stopwords, punctuation and annotator labels
- Lowercase the text

Set up

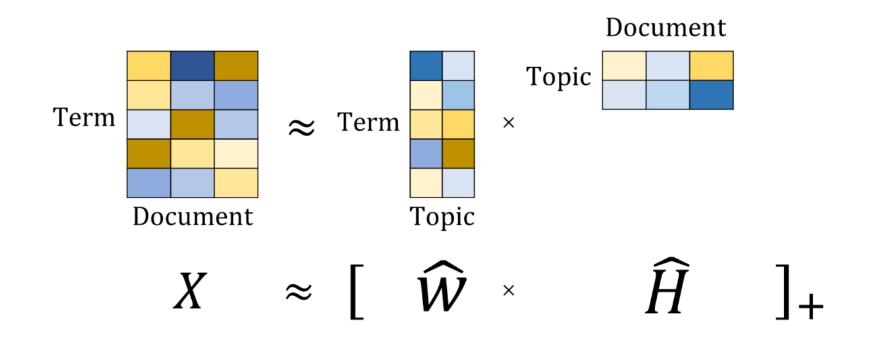
- Term-Document Matrix
- Date and CPI covariates

Non-negative matrix factorization

- Groups together words that occur together into topics
- Relationships between the prevalence of topics over time or with respect to CPI

Non-negative matrix factorization

NMF Decomposition



where $[\]_{\scriptscriptstyle +}$ converts every negative element to zero

shortages

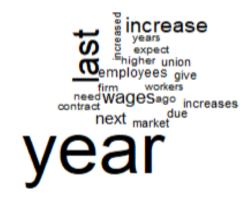
workers market
skilled force increase
due find
work need get shortage
employees amew higher amew higher
supply difficult

labour

wage

employees years due pressurehigher

increases



staff

new^{next} increase new^{next} workers backhigher months get sales adding wages need employees add ≨ work hireoffice of

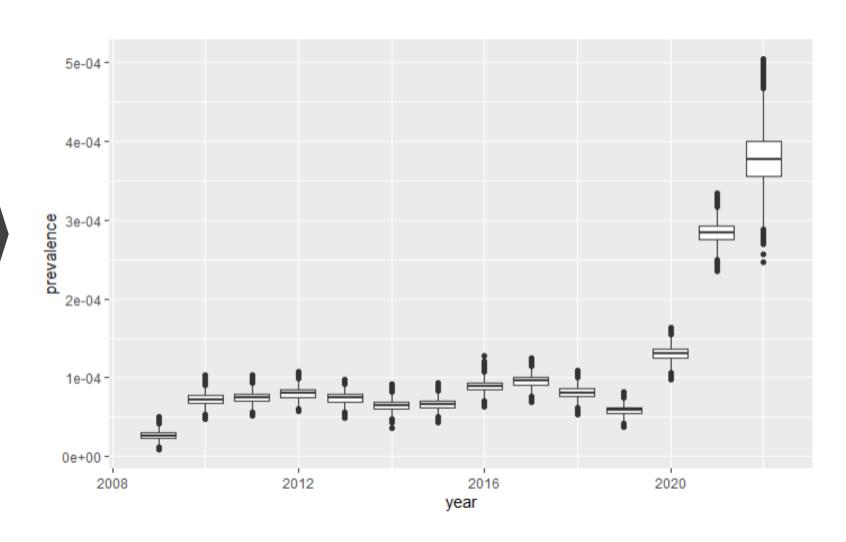
people

work

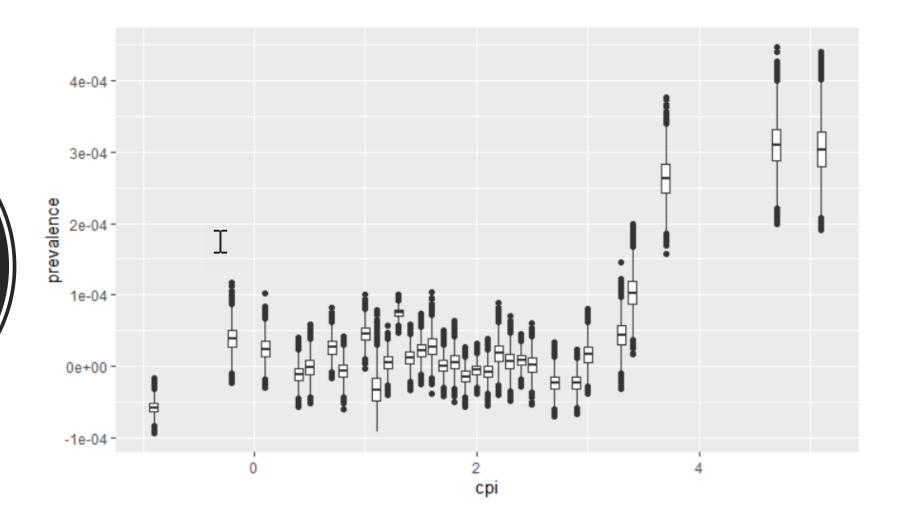
lotget
hard need
dont demand p
want jobs p
one want jobs p
w

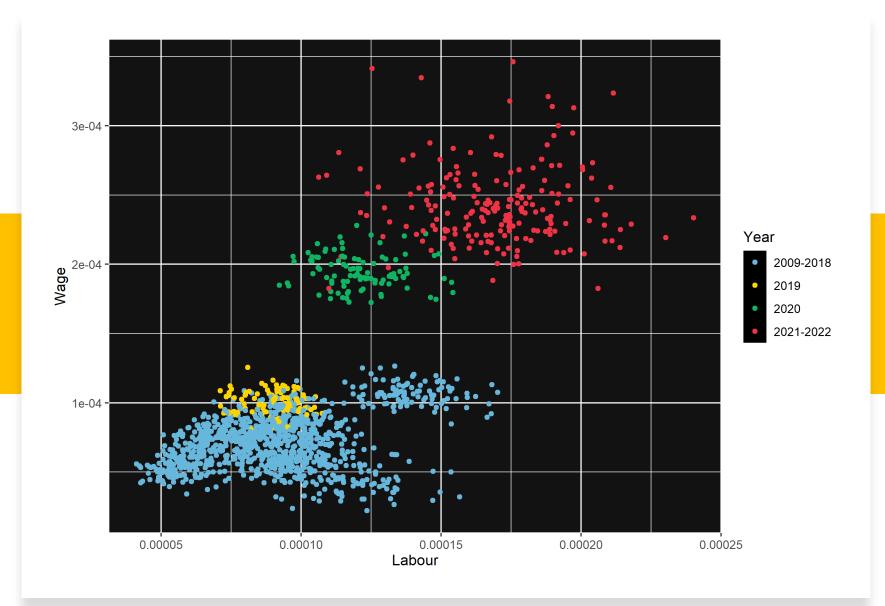
What do the top 20 words tell us about the Labour category?

Prevalence of the "labour" topic over time



Prevalence of the "Labour" topic with respect to Consumer Price Index

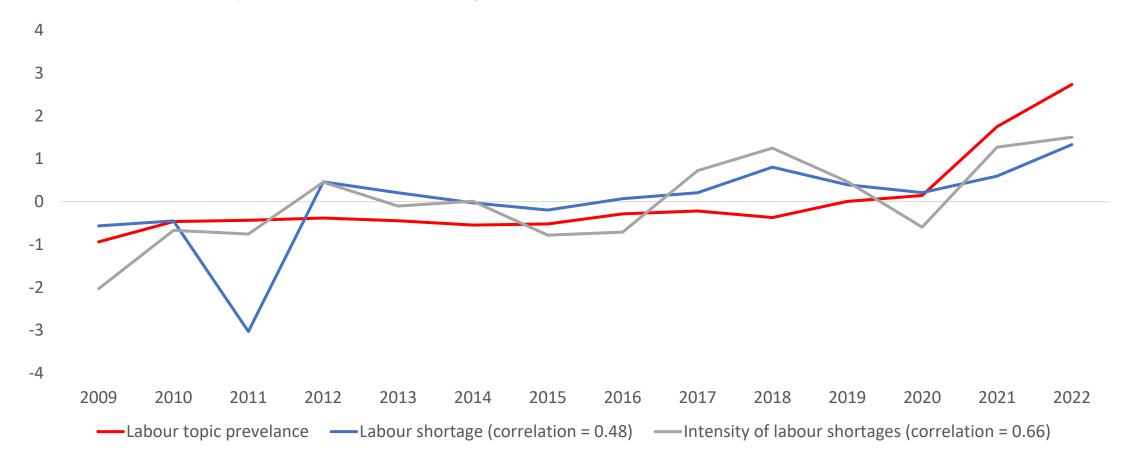




Relationship between Wage and Labour topics

The labour topic seems to be telling us something different than the BOS results

Prevelance of labour topic and BOS labour shortage indicators over time (standardized units)



Next Steps



Hypothesis testing for other economic variables



Observe within region

